

Greener food production in Africa: resilient legumes and zonal management





Africa RISING team: M. Bekunda, R. Chikowo, V. Chimonyo, I. Hoeschle-Zeledon, S. Snapp, Students, Farmers, LUANAR W. Mhango, A. Mwangwela, F. Chigwa, V. Morrone, CIAT D. Lulseged, R. Chirwa, J. Kihara and ICRISAT P. Okori, A. Whitbread

Further Acknowledgements: AgBioResearch MSU, GCFSI, SIIL, Feed the Future Africa RISING Partners, Fulbright, G Fischer, T Jayne, G Kanyama-Phiri, P Grabowski, J Messina, R Robertson, A Smith, Soil Foods and Healthy Communities-MAFFA, IITA, LUANAR, UNIMA, Students, Malawi Extension and many others

www.globalchangescience.org/eastafricanode



USAID
FROM THE AMERICAN PEOPLE

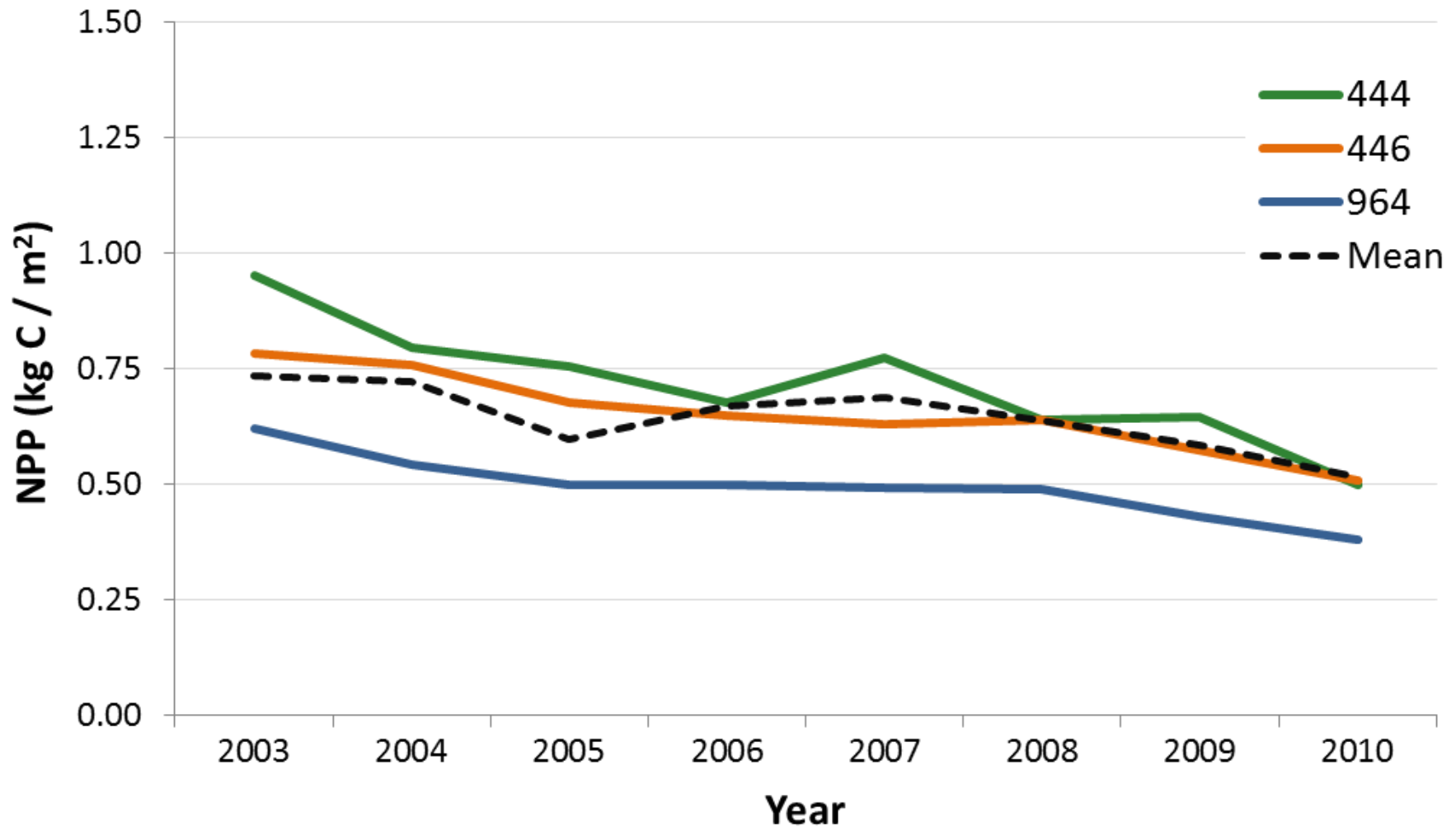
Problem #1: Resource degradation



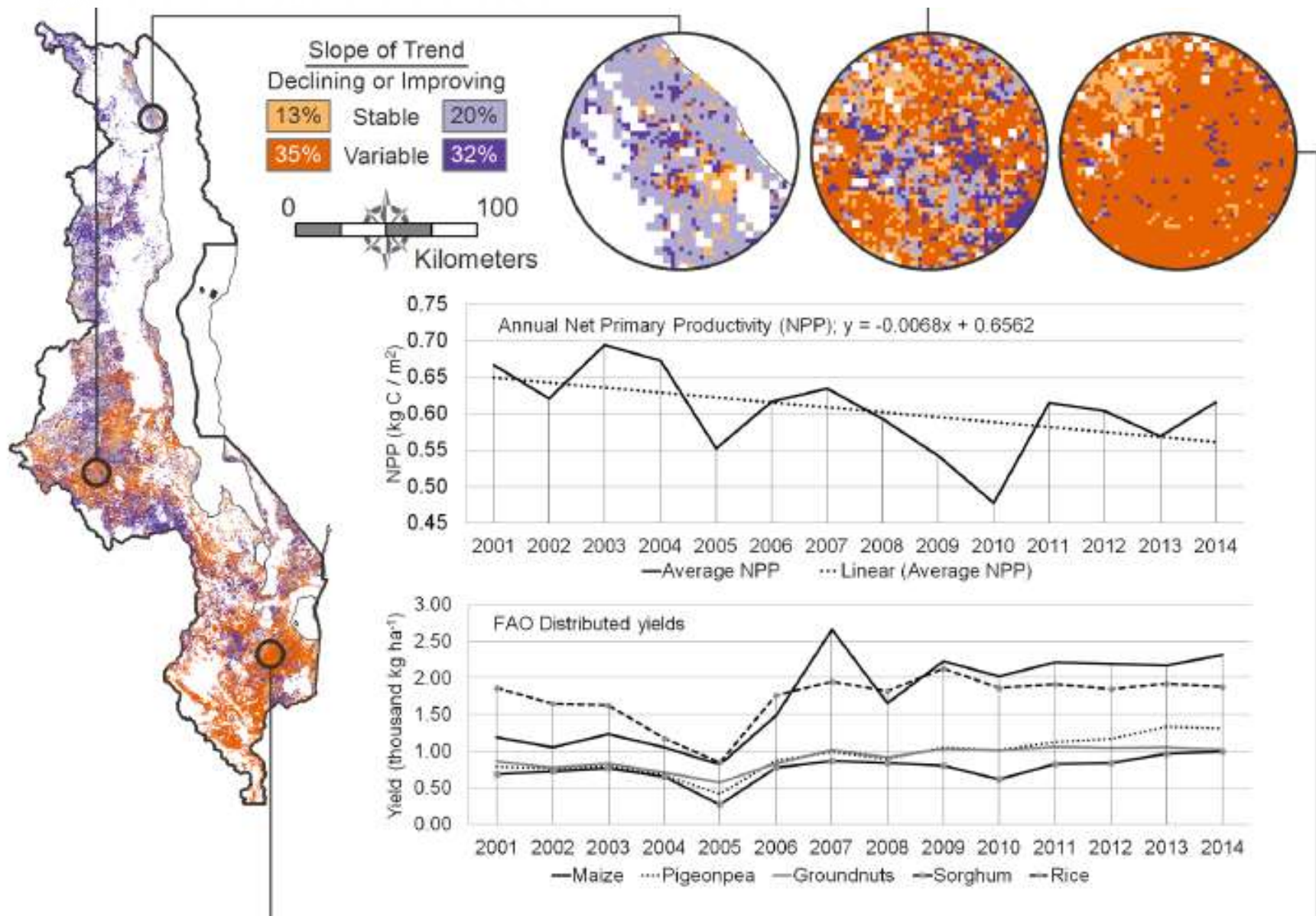
Downward spiral of soil degradation resulting in low yields, further decreasing SOM & increasing erosion **AND... reduced crop response!**

Problem #2: Increasing vulnerability

Malawi Remote Sensing Signal from Agricultural Lands



Messina, Peter & Snapp, Nature Plants, in press



Priority #1



Priority #1: legumes

Resilient legumes = biomass, food, fodder, fuel





Legumes are not all the same



Annual Pulse



Perennial



Long lived crop legumes = resilient



Resilient legumes

Solubilizes P




Pigeonpea
(*Cajanus cajan*)



Tarwi
(*Lupinus mutabilis*)



Bean, Climbing
(*Phaseolus vulgaris*)



Lablab
(*Lablab purpureus*)

Legume best bet options

- Double row soybean, groundnut
- Doubled up legumes



Double Row Soybean: Africa RISING farmer





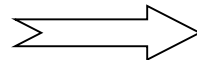
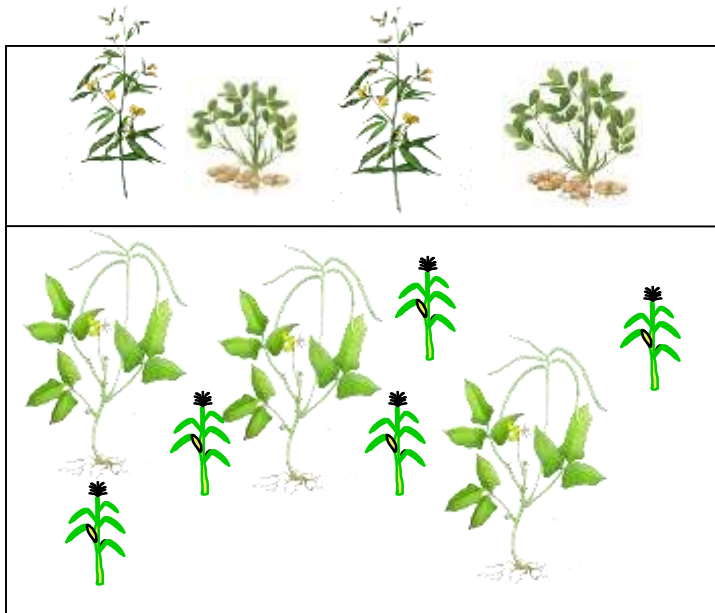
Year 2: Maize



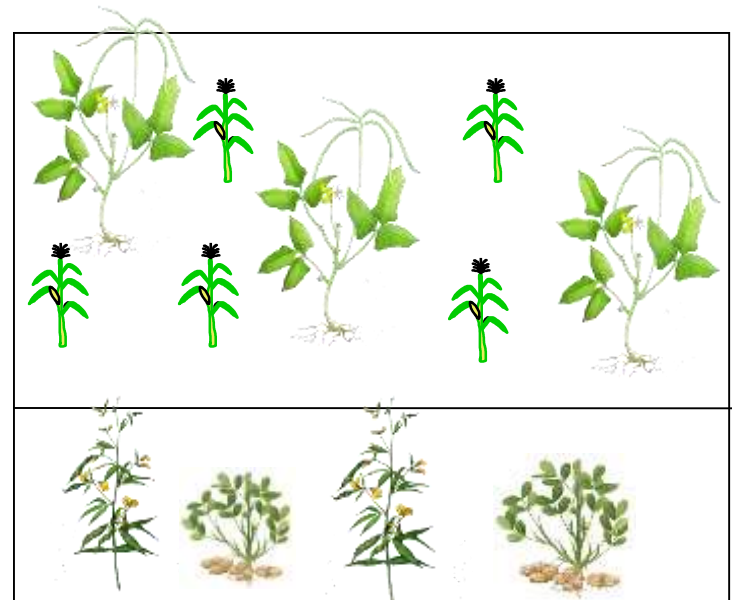
Complementarity: Cereal + Legume

Short + Long-duration Legumes

Year 1



Year 2



Complementarity:

Short + Long-duration Legumes

Cowpea and Lablab Grow Very Well Together

- Cowpea and lablab have different growth habits and life cycles and grow well together
- When cowpea growth declined @ week 12, lablab growth accelerated and provided long-term groundcover
- Intercropping lablab with cowpea did not lower cowpea biomass production or yields

Week 8



Arun Jani, ECHO
Howard Buffett
Foundation

Complementarity:

Cereal + Long-duration Legume



Lablab
(*Lablab purpureus*)



W. Mariki, N. Miller,
A. Nord and team

Summary: Legume better bet options

- Double row soybean, groundnut (**market linked farmers**)



- Doubled up legumes (**resource poor farmers on marginal lands**): Released by Malawi government March, 2016



Priority #2

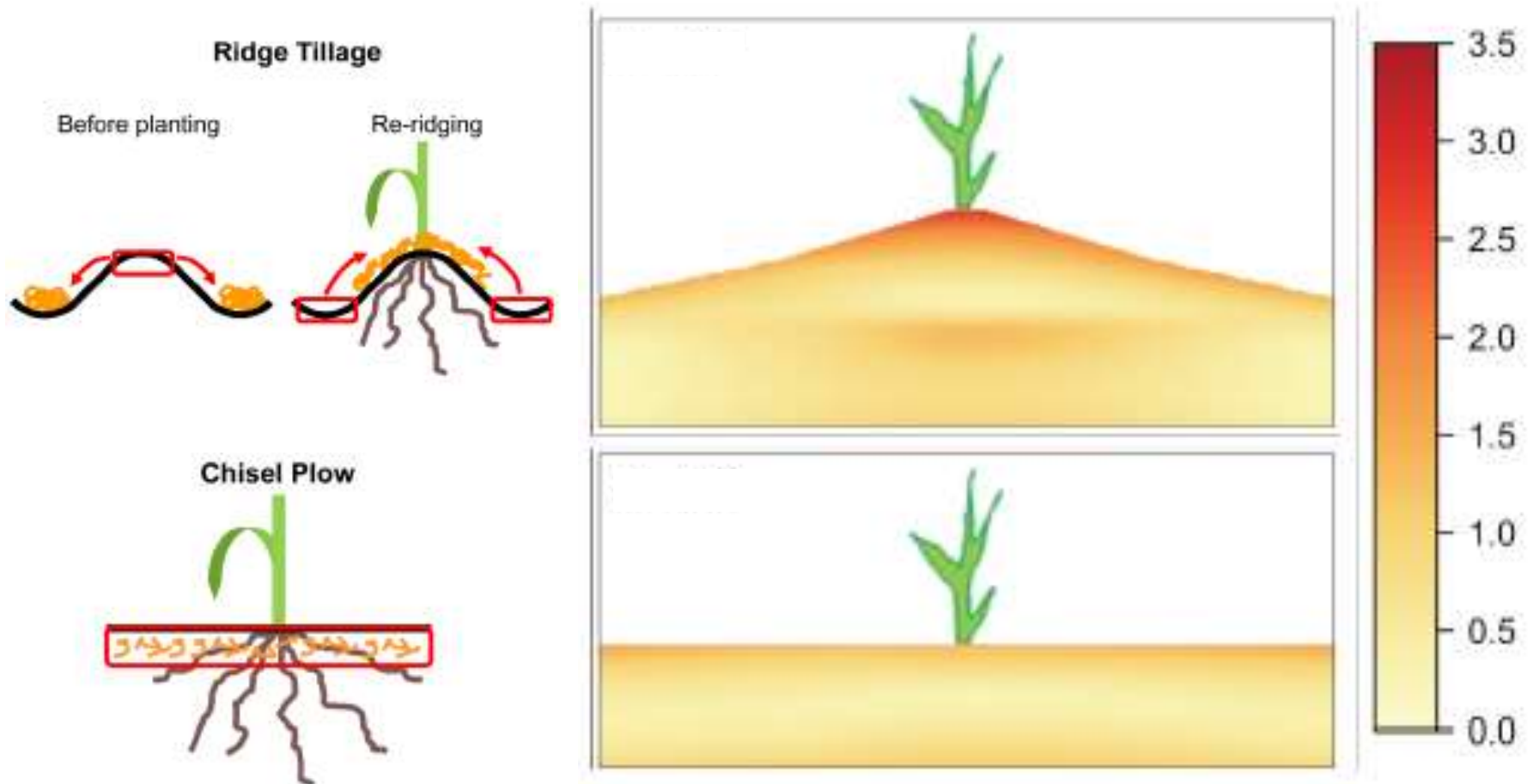
Zonal management

Priority #2

Zonal management: Permanent ridge tillage



Permanent ridge tillage



Zonal management: ridge alignment





Zonal management: Tied ridges



Zonal management

Best bet options: work in progress!

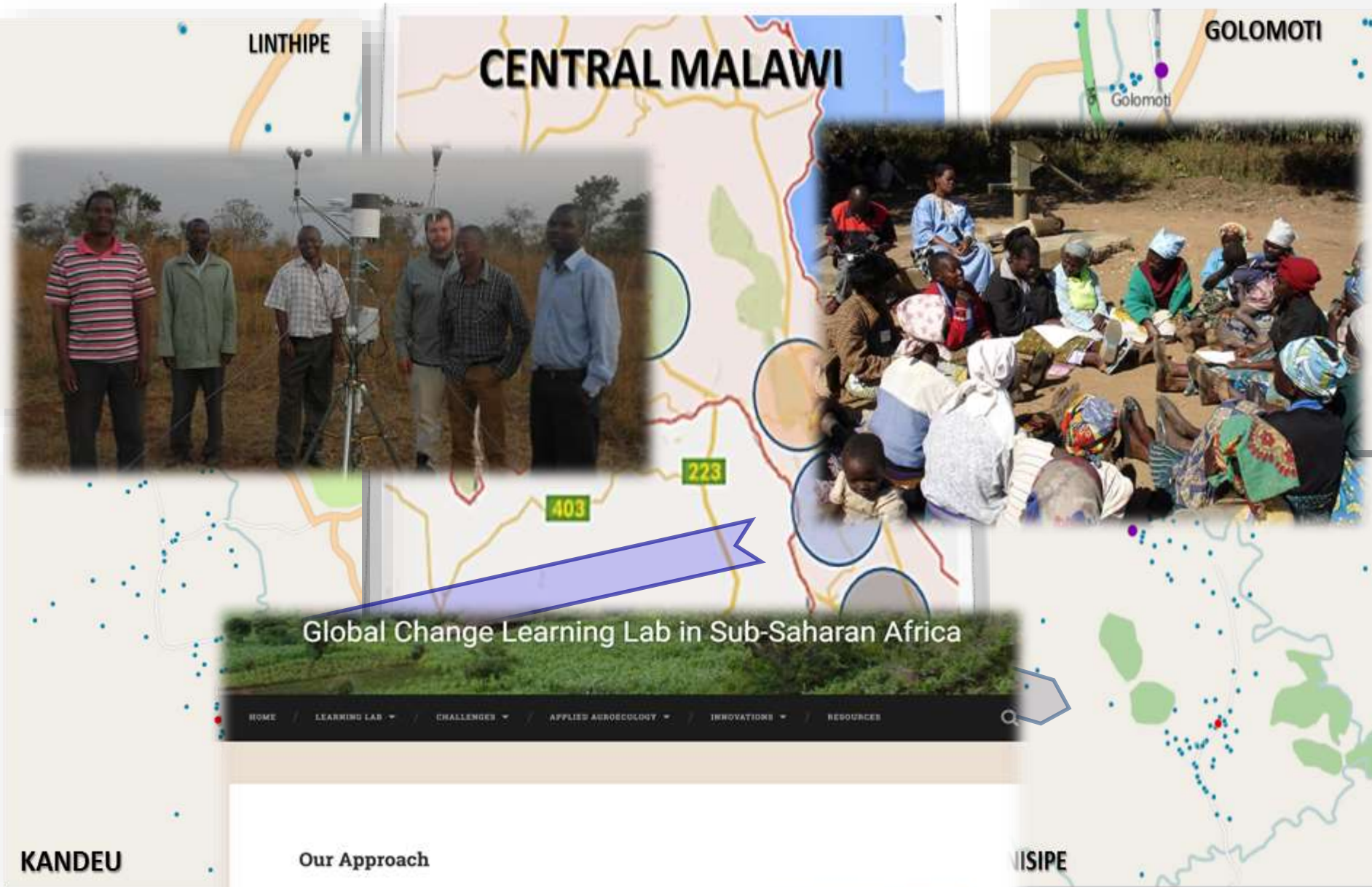
- Permanent ridge tillage
- Tied ridges & basins
- Point application of ferti
- Seed-treatments: rhizob



Priority #3

Participatory action research

Africa RISING – Participatory action research

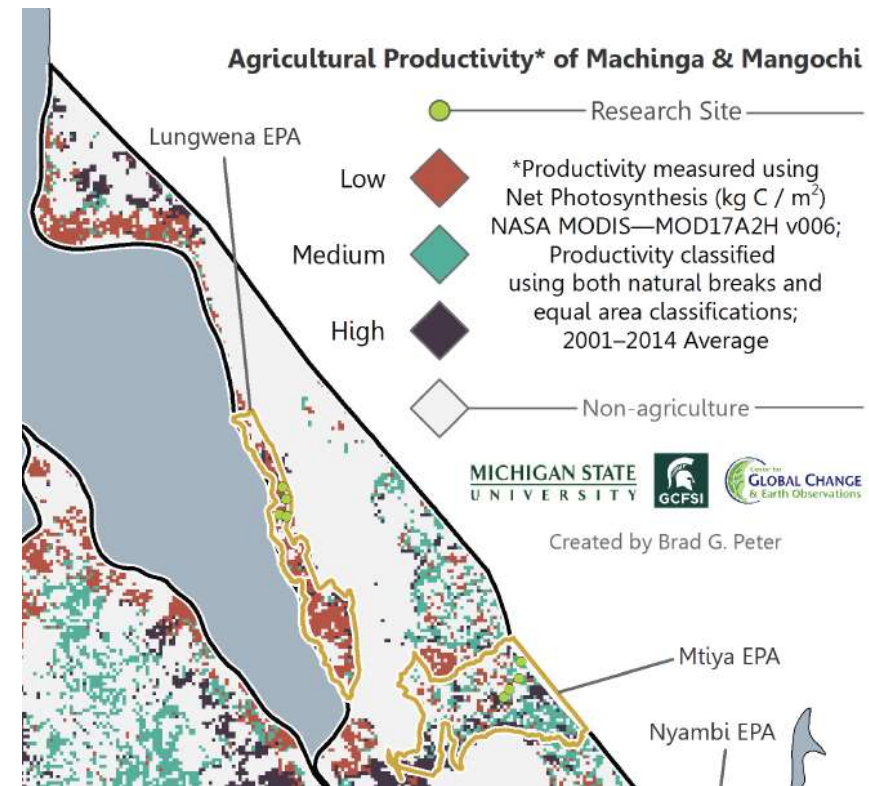
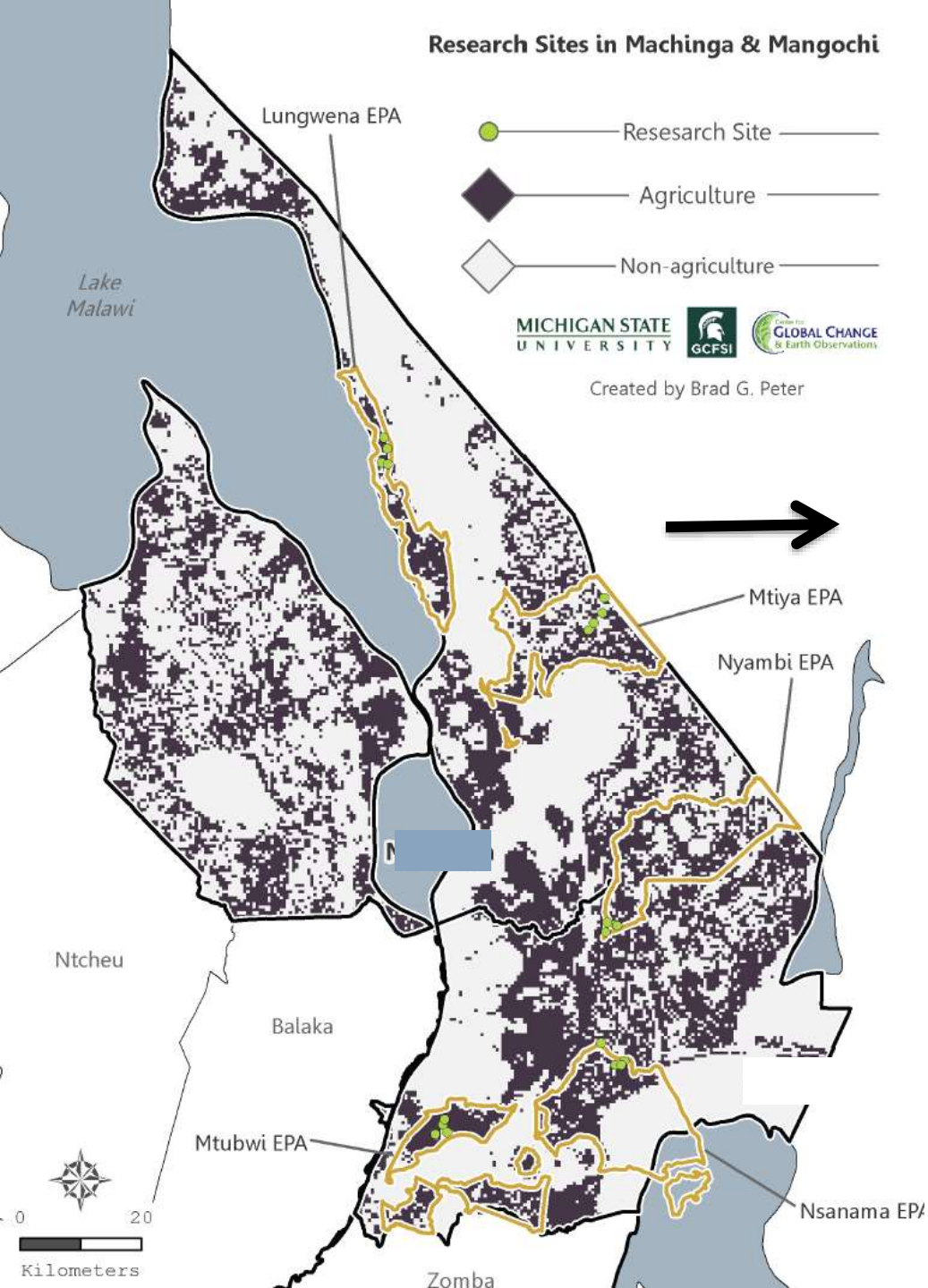




- **Baseline characterization** stratified random choice of four sites from low potential, risky (Lakeshore, Golomoti) to high potential (Upland plain, Linthipe)
- **Established** participatory action research: 8 mother trials and 400 baby trials
- **Innovation platforms** with Malawi extension, NGOs, other stakeholders

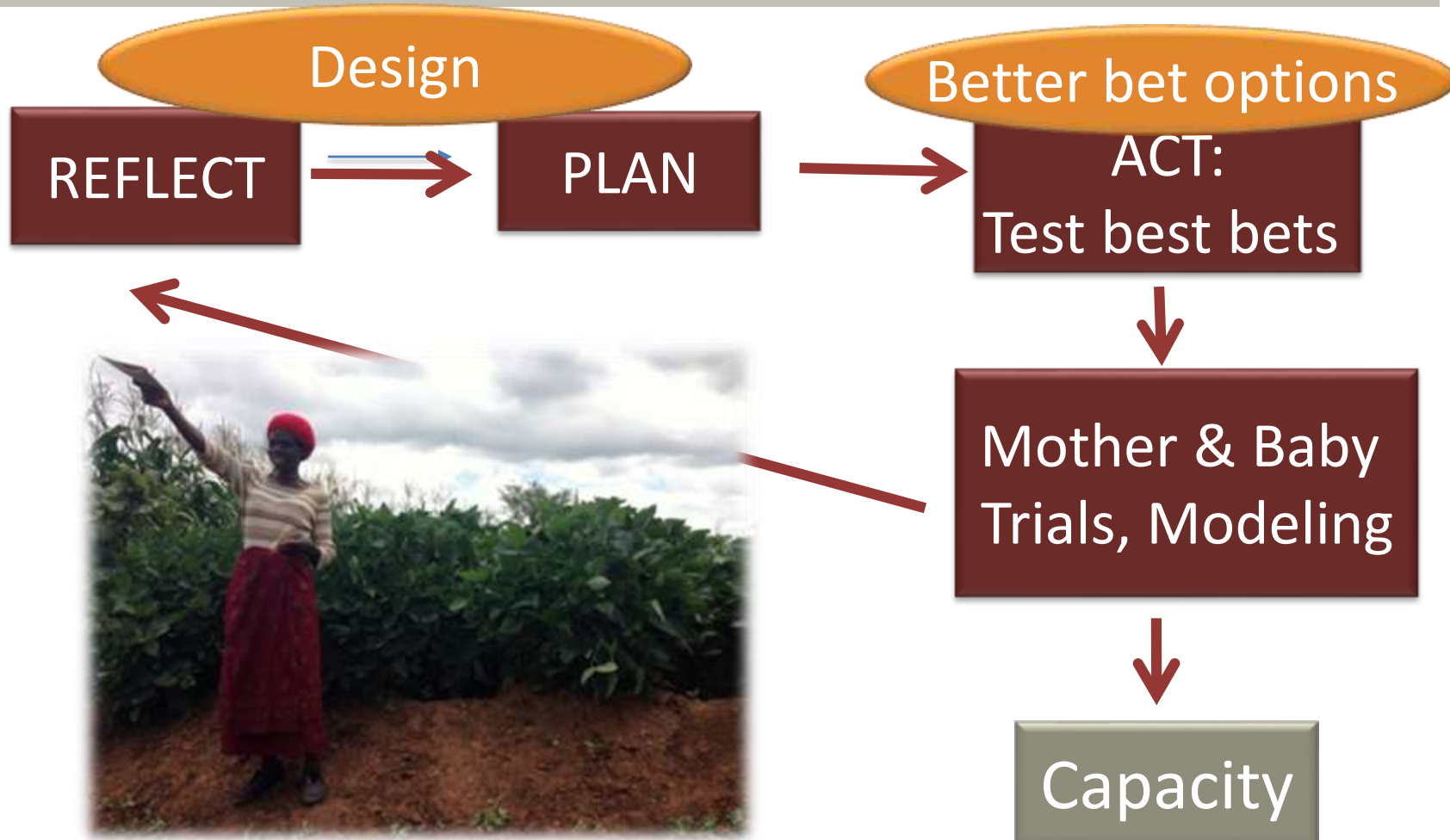


2012/13 Africa RISING Malawi

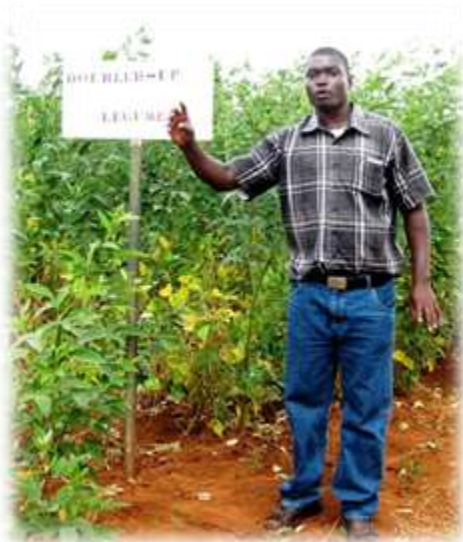


Africa RISING expansion
2016-17
65 mother trials
2000 baby trials

Participatory action research



Mother and baby trial design: Plan, Act, Reflect



Mother and her babies







TECHNOLOGY OPTIONS

2 year Rotation

Year 1

Year 2

Technologies



Maize

Cowpea

Groundnut

Pigeon pea

Soy

Bean + Groundnut

Pigeonpea + Groundnut

Pigeonpea + Soy

Cowpea + Groundnut

Maize + Pigeonpea

Maize + Cowpea

Maize + Bean

Cowpea + Groundnut
+ Soy

Systems

Sole cropping

Doubled up
legumes

Intercrops

Triple Legume
Farmer innovation

Technologies



Maize

Maize

Maize

Maize

Maize

Maize + Ratooned P'pea

Maize

Maize

Maize + Ratooned P'pea

Maize + P'pea

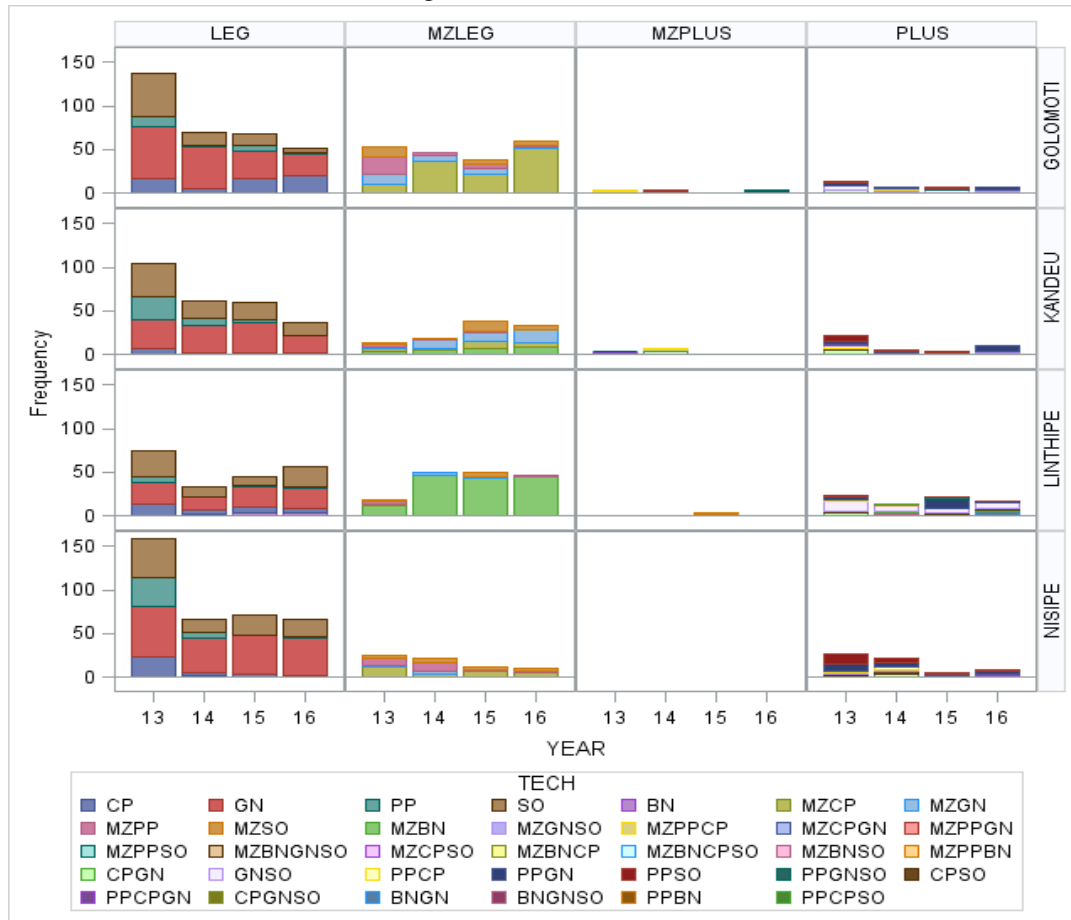
Maize

Maize





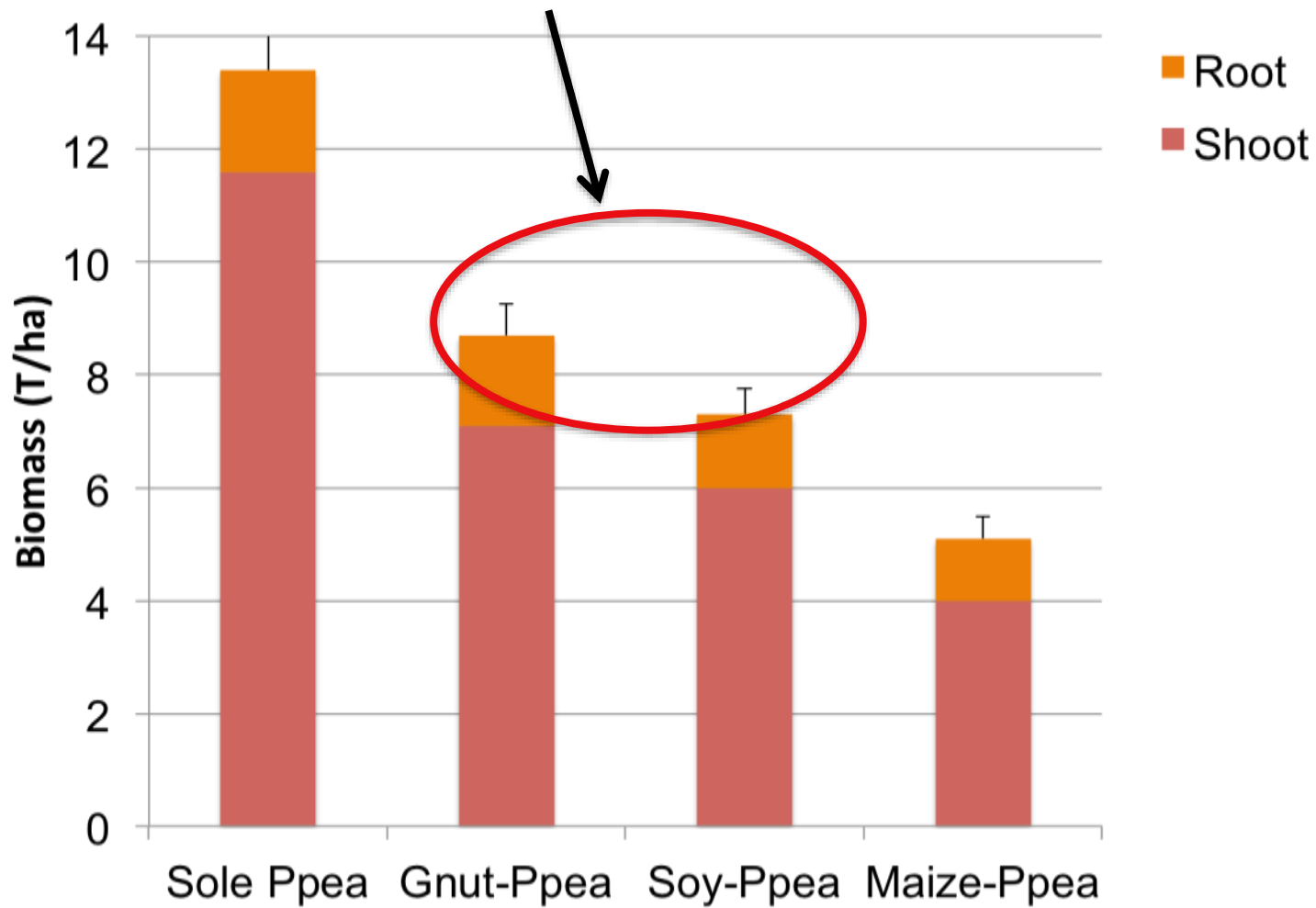
Baby trials: EXPERIMENTATION



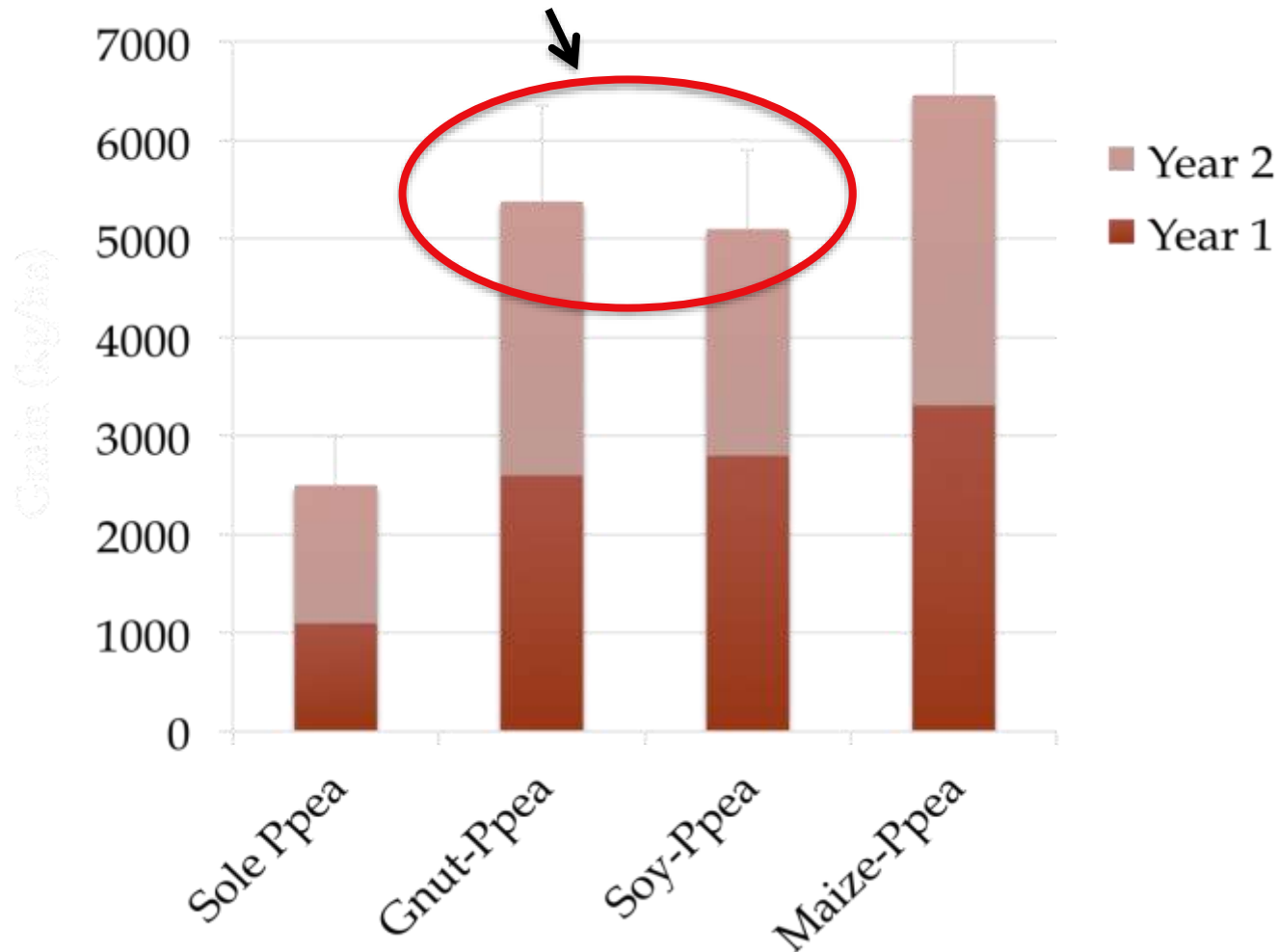
Anders et al. unpublished, n= 960



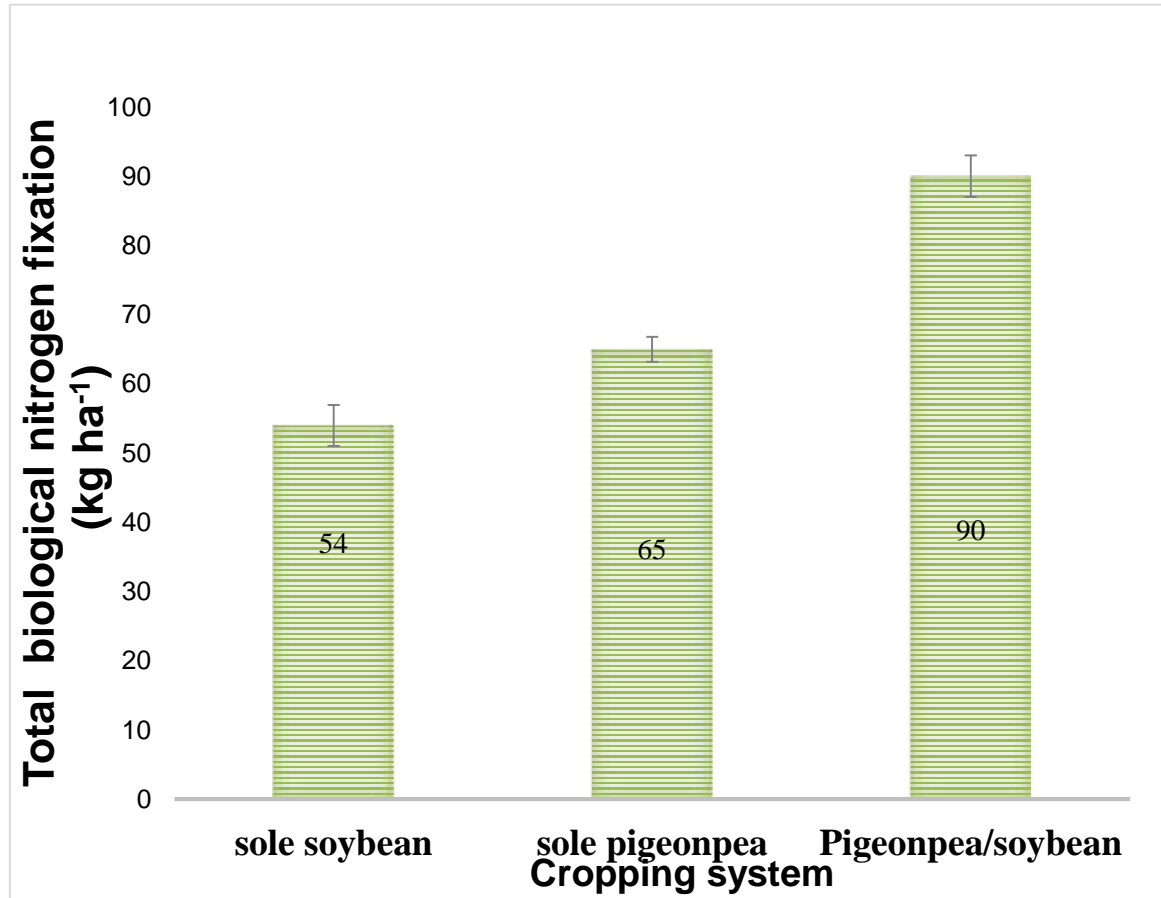
Mother trials: BIOMASS data



Mother trials: GRAIN data



Mother and baby trials: Capture more nitrogen & phosphorus



- Land equivalent ratio = 1.44
- N accrued under intercrops 67 and 38.5 % higher than sole soybean and pigeonpea, respectively



Capture more nitrogen & phosphorus

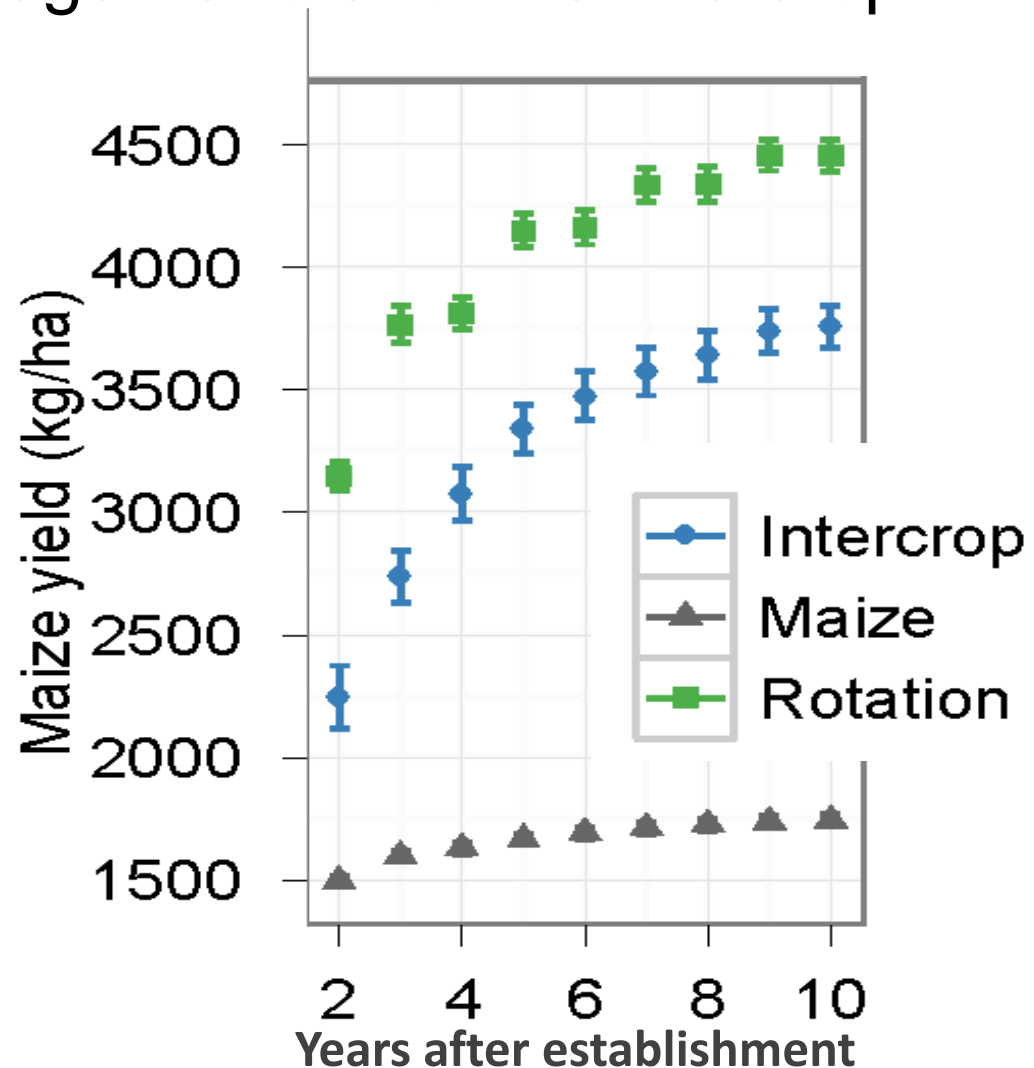
Soil fraction	Total Nitrogen (mg N/kg)		Organic Phosphorus (mg P/kg)	
	Maize	Pigeonpea	Maize	Pigeonpea
Bulk Soil	1734	1686	90	82
Aggregates				
Macro	1405	1524	84a	98b
Micro	974a	1323b	29a	77b
Silt+Clay	2102	2056	157	134

G. Garland, J. Six et al, 2017



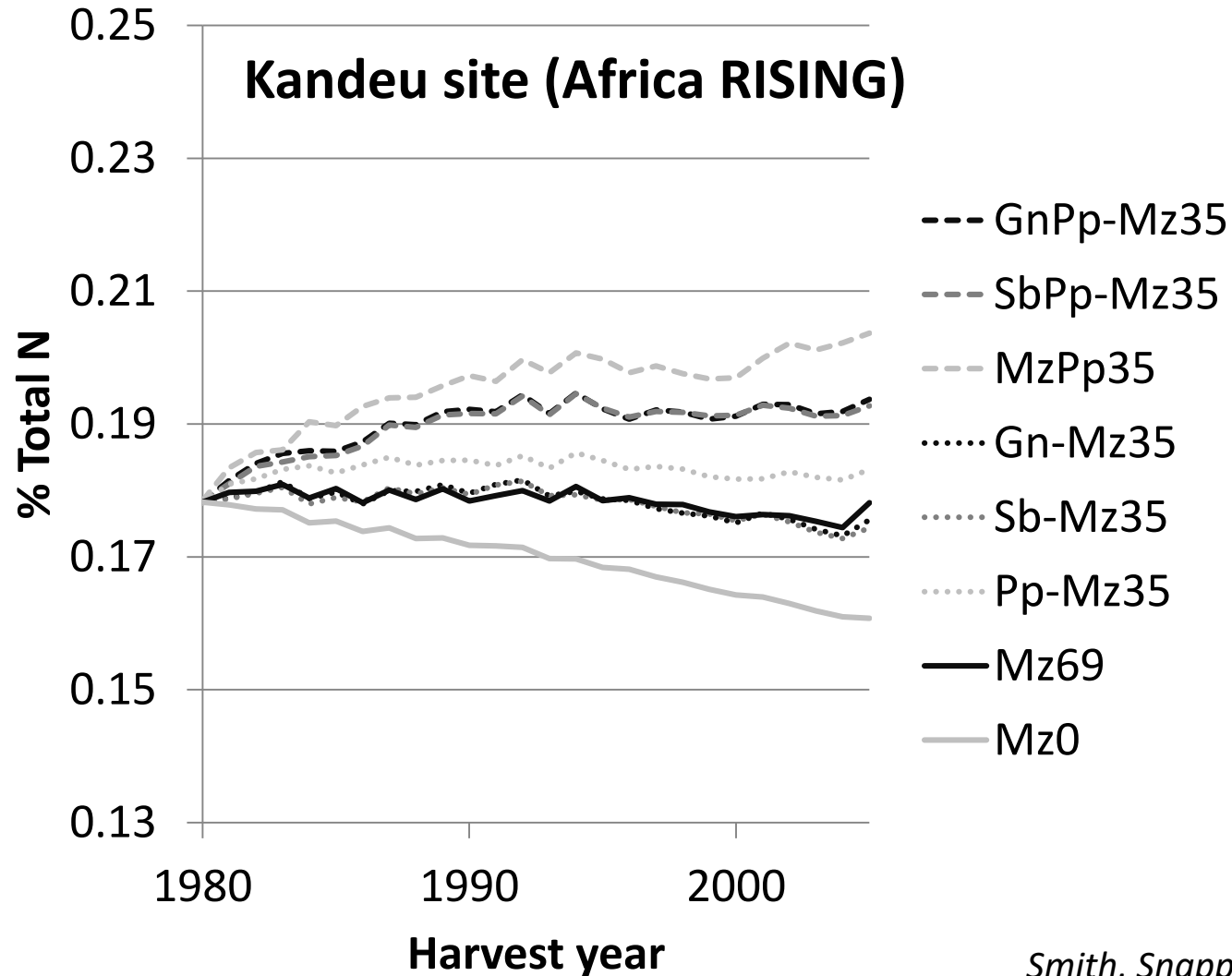
APSIM: Doubled-up legume rotation vs intercrop

**Resilient legumes =
more biomass =
resilient soils =
higher, more reliable
yields**

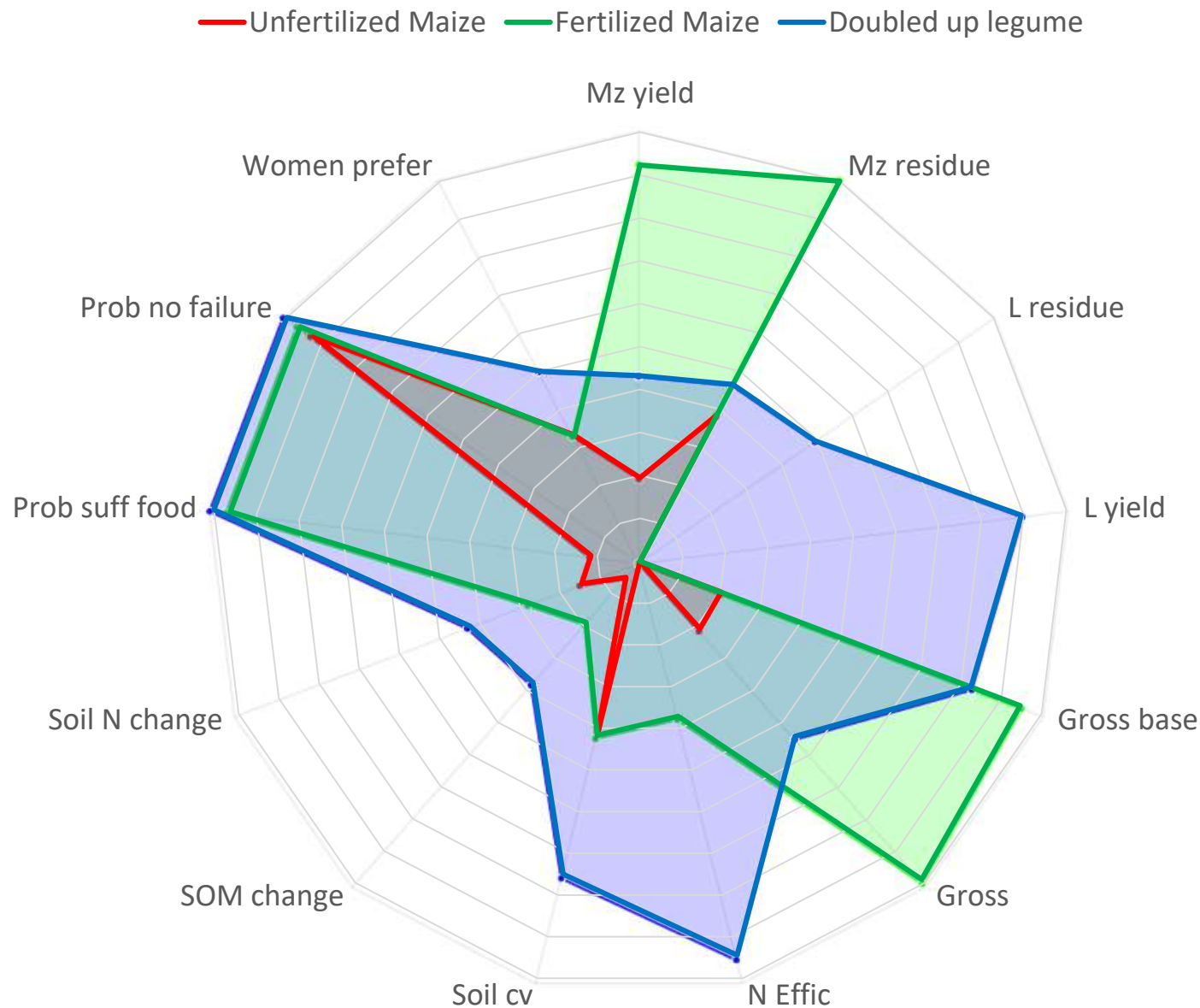




APSIM: Soil N status over time



Sustainable Intensification Indicators: Linthipe AR site





Summary

Resilient legume systems

- Better bet options: pigeonpea, lablab, double row legumes, and doubled up legume rotation

Zonal management

- Work in progress: seed treatments, ridge alignment, others under testing

Summary: Legume better bet options

- Double row soybean, groundnut (**market linked farmers**)



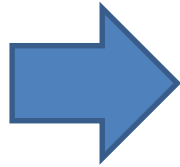
- Doubled up legumes (**resource poor farmers on marginal lands**): Released by Malawi government March, 2016





Next steps

- **Scaling:** Extension approaches and seed systems
- **Food systems:** collaboration with nutritionists, gender scientists
- **Multipurpose systems:** fuel, fodder for crop-livestock integrations
- **Zonal management better bet options:** developing through participatory action research



Production of soyabean flour for nutritious soya porridge (mixture of soya, groundnut and maize)



Diversity of legume products





Global Change Learning Lab in Sub-Saharan Africa

HOME / LEARNING LAB ▼ / CHALLENGES ▼ / APPLIED AGROECOLOGY ▼ / INNOVATIONS ▼ / RESOURCES



www.globalchangescience.org/eastafricanode/

Our Approach

This learning lab is an opportunity to join a group of people engaged in support of science without borders, with a focus on agroecology in sub-Saharan Africa. The **challenges** are tremendous, including resource degradation, inequitable access to resources, population pressure and changes in effective demand for food. We are committed to a “community of practice” approach, interacting and learning from each other to build capacity for adaptation to global change. Climate globalization



What learning lab do you want to start?