TANZANIA DOMESTIC BIOGAS PROGRAMME (TDBP) 2009 - 2013

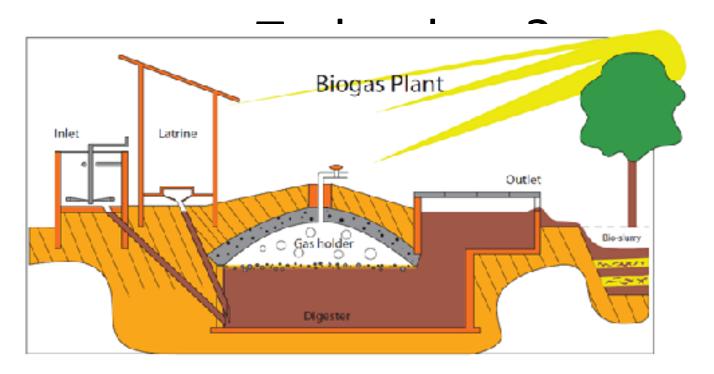
Introduction.

Hints on domestic energy in Tanzania

Introduction. Hints on domestic energy in Tanzania

- The high consumption of wood fuel contributes to:
- *Depletion of woodland,
- *Deforestation,
- *Soil degradation and eventually
- *Desertification threats.

What is Domestic Biogas



- Africa USD 650-1500
- Life: > 20 years
- Gas use: cooking & lighting
- Bio-slurry: organic fertiliser

Tanzania Domestic Biogas Programme (TDBP)

Mission of TDBP

To develop a sustainable market for biogas in Tanzania together with other stakeholders stimulating the private sector to actively take part in the construction and after sales services to provide affordable and simple biogas technology solution to the rural and peri-urban households across Tanzania.

Vision of TDBP

To improve the livelihoods and quality of life of the farmers in Tanzania

OBJECTIVES:

- Construction of 12,000 Biogas plants in Rural and peri-urban areas in five years time.
- Development of commercially viable domestic biogas sector through capacitating biogas construction enterprises (BCEs)
- Training of Biogas constructors and end users
- To stimulate realization of other benefits related to bio-slurry utilization
- Building the capacity of partner organizations
- Capacitate local manufactures of appliances for the sectors
- Gender mainstreaming in the construction and utilization of the Biogas technology.

Donors/TA:

DGIS- an initiative of the Dutch Ministry of the Development Cooperation.

- African Biogas Partnership Programme (ABPP)
- HIVOS (Fund Manager)
- SNV- Tanzania provides knowledge brokering and capacity building services to the Programme and partners

Currently TDBP is hosted by CAMARTEC.

TDBP partners in Renewable energy;

- 'Microfinance institutions
- 'Higher leaning institution
- 'Ministry of livestock and fisheries Zanzibar
- 'Agriculture and livestock
- 'Government agents- VETA, LITA.
- **Community Development**

Dissemination strategies

Social medias

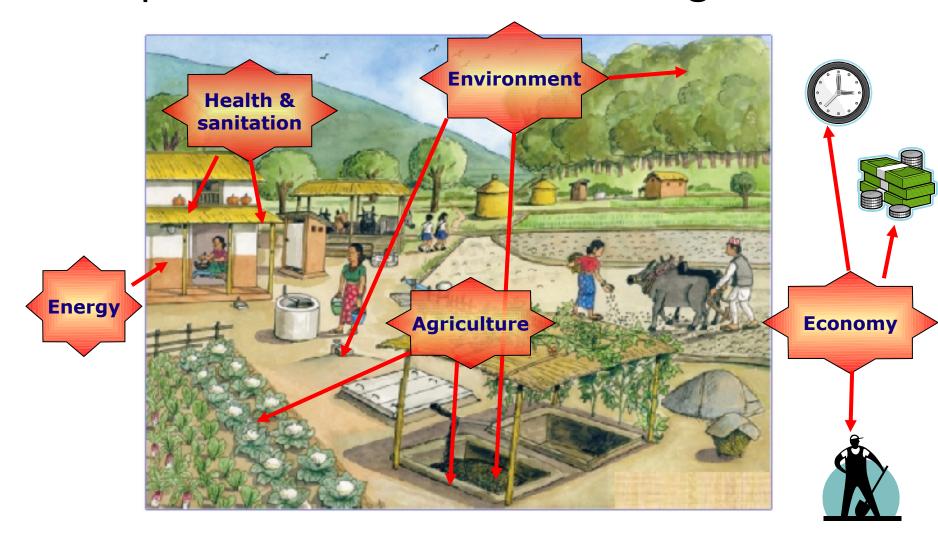
<u>Promotional materials:</u> Posters, pictorial calendars, flayers, manual, labels /sign board, T-shirts and caps

Exhibitions: to farmers, seminars/workshops.

Exchange visits: demonstration plants and other functioning plants.

Door to door promotion, using promoters and programme staffs

Multiple Benefits of Domestic Biogas Plants



TDBP PHASE I: fact sheet

FACT SHEET	Tanzania Domestic Programme Phase
Duration of programme	5years, from 01-01-2009 to 30-12-2013 initially but extended to 31-12-2014 using same funds allocated.
Target	12000 domestic biogas plants
Key outcomes	Developed vibrant markets for domestic biogas as mainstream domestic energy source: Accelerated and sustained (rural and peri- urban) access to quality services for domestic biogas construction, manufacturing, operation, application and after sales services.

TDBP PHASE I: fact sheet cont...

Expected results	Substitution of traditional biomass mostly charcoal and firewood and improving living condition namely; -saving of conventional energy source mainly firewood -reduce of firewood use -improved health and sanitation -increase in agricultural production -job creation Reduction of green house gases (GHG) emission
Digester model	Fixed dome domestic biogas digester model Modified CAMARTEC Design both normal version and the sold state Digester and sim-Gas rural design
Programme area	All 30 regions of Tanzania mainland and Zanzibar

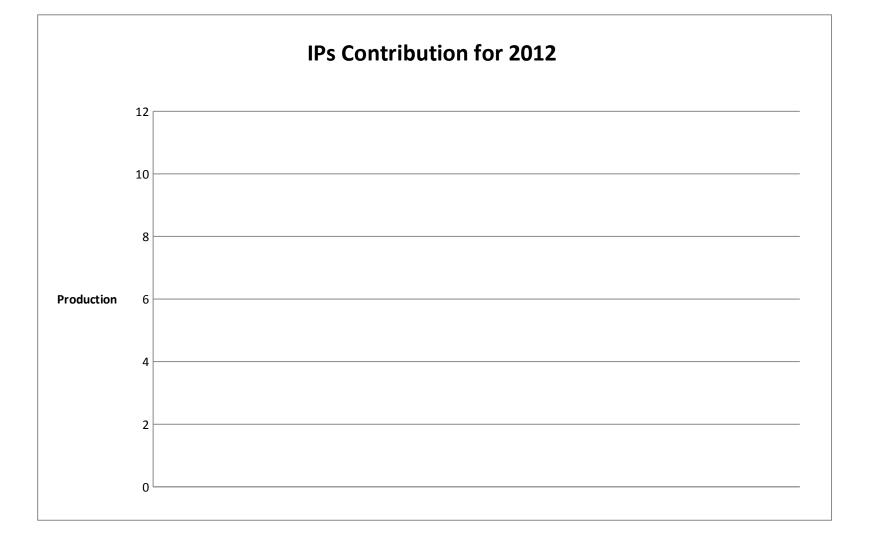
TDBP PHASE I: fact sheet cont...

Target group	Farming households able to collect more than 25kg of dung per day, practicing integrated farming or free range cattle with over night stabling.
Lead agency	CAMARTEC- Ministry of industry and Trade
Partner organizations	Ministry of Energy and Mineral (MEM) Vice President Office- Department of Environment Rural Energy Agency (REA) Ministry of Agriculture, Food security and cooperatives. Savings & credit organization (SACCOS) and Agro- Livestock groups Private Sector Organization and Civil Society. Training and Research Institute Development Organizations

TDBP PHASE I: fact sheet cont...

Technical assistance	SNV – Netherlands Development organization.	
Investment subsidy provided	Year 1-5: TSH320,000/ 160 per biogas installation Subsidy reductions by 25% come July 2013, followed by complete abolition of subsidy in January 2014.	
Programme budget	Investments costs: 12,351,827 Programme support: 4,385.531 incls TA Totals: 16,737,357	

Production charts



- Zanzibar Ministry of Livestock (New engaged IP in 2012) have constructed 7 plants
- Contribution from independent BCEs: AB enterprise 81 out of 145 planned plants.
- Other BCEs have constructed **140 plants** (Nyamlo, Mbozi, Oron, Efame and the rest)

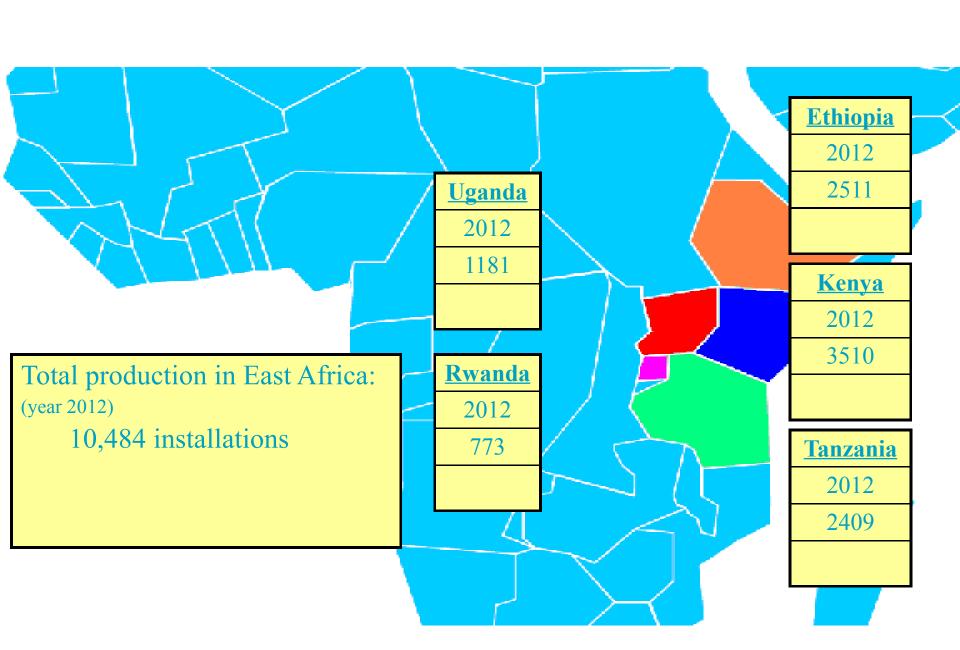
Production trend from 2009-2012

Challenges:

- · High up front costs of digesters
- · Lack of credit and willingness to take credit
- · Few skilled artisans, lack of commitment and entrepreneurial spirit
- Few women taking part in the sector (Masonry)
- · Some people not aware of the technology and its benefits.







Biogesi kwa Maisha Bora

SUCCESS STORY OF MR&MRS SELEMAN OF SANAWARI – ARUSHA

Apart from other benefits realized as a result of using Biogas, is the use of slurry as a fertilizer in their household gardening – which has resulted in a remarkable improvements as shown below:-

Before After

15small bunches of bananas x4,000x3per yr	180,000/=	15 big bunches of bananas x12,000x3per yr	540,000/=
Flower garden =	60,000/=	Flower garden	150,000/=
Vegetables =	20,000/=	Vegetables	100,000/=
		Dried bio-slurry	200,000/=
Total	260,000/=	Total	990,000/=

Summary on household income after use of bio-slurry

Income using Bioslurry	Tshs	730,000/=
Energy Savings per year		<u>369,750/=</u>
Total House hold income per year		1,099,750/=







Improved household garden after use of bio-slurry